The Summer Village of Me 64 Newcastle Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6K8 Phone: 780 239 7323 Fax: 780 416 6353	watha Beach	The Inspections Group Inc. 12010 111 Avenue Edmonton, AB T5G 0E6 Phone: 780 454 5048 Toll Free: 1 866 554 5048 Fax: 780 454 5222 Toll Free: 1 866 454 5222						
www.mymewathabeach.com		www.inspectiongroup.com						
		SYSTEM APPLICATION FORM						
Application Date: DD / MMM		Estimated Project Start Date: DD / MMM / YYYY						
_		mated Project Completion Date: DD / MMM / YYYY						
Applicant Type: Homeowner The Permit Holder hereby certifies that this installa	tion will be completed in accordance with the Alberta Sa	Cost of Installation (Labour & Material) afety Codes Act. A permit may expire if the undertaking to which it applies: (a) is not commenced within						
days of issue of the permit, (b) is suspended or aba	ndoned for a period of 120 days. An extension can be co	nsidered when applied for in writing prior to permit expiry date.						
Owner Name:	N	lailing Address:						
City:	Prov: Postal Code:	Phone: Fax:						
	Cell:	Email:						
Owner's Signature / Declaration (S "I hereby declare I am the owner of the pre for compliance with the applicable Act and	mises in which the work will be conducted, and r	reside or will reside on the property. I am doing the work myself, and assume responsibility						
Company Name:	N	lailing Address:						
City:	Prov: Postal Code:	Phone: Fax:						
Cell:	Email:							
PSDS Installer's Number	Print Private Sewage Installer's Nan	ne Installer's Signature						
Project Location in the Summe	r Village of Mewatha Beach:							
Street Address:								
Legal Subdivision: Part of:	Section: Towr	ship: Range: West of:						
Subdivision Name:	Lot: _	Block: Plan:						
Directions:								
INSTALLATION:	TYPE OF WORK:	TREATMENT / DISPOSAL METHODS						
New installation	Commercial	(COMPLETE ALL APPLICABLE ITEMS):						
Alteration	Residential	Treatment Mound Disposal Field						
Expected Volume of Sewage:	Number of Bedrooms	Sewage Lagoon Open (Surface) Discharge						
	Work Camp	Sand Filter Dackaged Sewage Treatment Plant						
🔲 m3 per day	Number of Men	Septic Tank Size						
Litres per day	Other	Sewage Holding Tank Size:						
Gallons per day								
		Seasonal Property? Ves No						
Description of Work:								
	COMPLETE THE ATTACHED	SITE EVALUATION REPORT.						
Payment Type: Cash Ch	eque 🗌 C/C Agreement 🔲 Interac	TIGI OFFICE USE ONLY						
		Issuing Officer's Name:						
Permit Fee: \$								
+ SCC Levy*: \$		Issuing Officer's Signature:						
Total Cost: \$	Receipt #:	Designation Number:						
*\$4.50 or 4% of the permit fee maximum \$		Permit Issue Date: DD / MMM / YYYY						
	REMIT PAYMENT AND APPLIC	CATION TO THE INSPECTIONS GROUP INC.						

PLEASE CONTACT THE INSPECTIONS GROUP INC. PRIOR TO COVER FOR INSPECTIONS ALLOWING 2 - 5 WORKING DAYS NOTICE AND PROVIDE SAFE ACCESS The personal information provided as part of this application is collected under the Safety Codes Act and the Municipal Government Act and in accordance with the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. The information is required and will be used for issuing permits, safety codes compliance verification and monitoring, and property assessment purposes. The name of the permit holder and the nature of the permit is available to the public upon request. If you have any questions about the collection or use of the personal information provided, please contact the Municipality.

PSDS Application Summary Design Report

(Please Print Clearly)

				Legal Land	Descriptio	n							
1/4 section	Section	Township	Range	West of		L	ot	Block	Plan				
Address	Street			Municipalit	Municipality Lot Size (a								
				Developm	ent Details								
Туре:	Reside			Comm				Other					
		Constructio			ation/Repa	1	<u> </u>	Temp	orary				
Number of I	Bedrooms	Number of	Occupants	Average Da	ally Flow	Peak	Daily	Flow					
Additional C	Additional Sizing Info:												
Additional Sizing Info: Soil Information													
soil information # of Test Pits (1 MINIMUM for Open Discharge, 2 MINIMUM for all others)													
	# of Test Pits (1 MINIMUM for Open Discharge, 2 MINIMUM for all others) Depth Of Pits (1 foot MINIMUM below Verticle Setback Distance)												
-				ing Rate		1007							
		Shape		Grade		(Soil	Profile	e Used for	Design)				
				System De					0 /				
Component	s to be used	(Check all ap	plicable)	-									
🗆 Holdir	ng Tank	Sand I	Nound	🗌 Open	Discharge		Pipe i	in Gravel					
Septic		🗌 Gravit	y Field	🗌 At-Gr	ade		Cham	nbers					
🗆 Treatr	nent Plant	🗌 Pressu	ire Field	🗌 Lagoo	n	Othe	er						
Tank Size _		(Ga	llons)	Dose Volur	llons)								
Flow Rate_		(GP	M)	Head Pressure(Feet)									
Trench Bot	tom	(Sq	Ft)	Sand Layer(SqFt)									
		(Ft)		Chamber S				-					
Orifice Size		(incl	ר)	Squirt Heig	ht		_(Fee	t)					
-		e and Mode											
Emuent Fil	ter/screen	Make and I	viodel										
				Setback Di	stances								
Tank to Oc	cupied Buil	ding:	_	1	earest Prop	ertv L	ine:	_					
	ater Source	_			il Treatmen								
Soil Treatm	nent Compo	onent to Pro	operty Line	s (Must be a									
North:	· · ·	South:	<u> </u>	East:	· · · ·	West	:						
Soil Treatm	nent Compo	onent to Wa	ater Source	:				Туре:					
Soil Treatm	nent Compo	onent to Wa	ater Course	2:				Туре:					
Soil Treatm	nent Compo	onent to Oc	cupied Buil	lding:	(Nearest)								
				Additional	Informatio	on							
	NOTE -1				(.)		1.1-						
				meet Part									
	Incomplet	e applicatio	ons will res	ult in delays	or retusal	ot Pe	rmit i	ssuance.					

Alberta Private Sewage Treatment System Soil Profile Log Form

Owner	Name or	Job ID.																
			Legal Land Location												Tes	t Pit GP	S Coordinates	
LSD	-1/4	Sec	Twp	Rg	Mer		Lot	B	loc	ock I		Plan			Easting		Northi	ng
Vegetati	on notes	•				<u> </u>			(Overall	site slope %						1	
8											osition of tes							
Test hol	e No.		Soil Subgro	oup		Par	ent Materia	ıl		Ι	Drainage		Depth	of Lab sam	ple #1		Depth of Lab samp	ole #2
										·								
Hori- zon		epth (in)	Texture	e Lab H		Colour		Gleying			Mottling	Structur	e	Grade	Consisten	nce	Moisture	% Coarse Fragments
Depth to 0	Groundwat	er					Limiting	Soil Laye	r (Characte	eristic, descri	be						
Depth to S	Seasonally	Saturated S	oil				Depth to	Limiting	So	il Layer								
Limiting '	Гopograph	у				Depth to Highly Permeable Layer												
Key Lir System		eatures or	L I															
Weather (Condition r	notes:	I															
Comment	s: such as 1	oot depth a	nd abundaı	ice or othe	e pertinent	observa	tions:											

Onsite Sewage System Site Evaluation Lot Diagram Sketch and Notes

	Date:			 tion:	Descrip	or Legal	Lot	 	Name:	Project
Show the proposed location of the onsite sewage system and the following items indicating their distances from the proposed system: trees floodplains wells water sources surface water bedrock outcrops buildings property lines easement lines itches or	Date:				Descrip	or Legal			Name:	Project
ditches or interceptors banks or steep slopes										
fills driveways existing sewage systems										
underground utilities soil test pit and borehole locations										
		P1	Test Pit	borehole BH 1		rection	slope di		e course	drainage

Comments:

Property line GPS coordinates: GPS coordinates of well: GPS coordinate of tank: GPS coordinates of soil treatment component corners:

Additional information is required separately for the system design detail.

Figure 4: Diagrammatic representation of soil structure

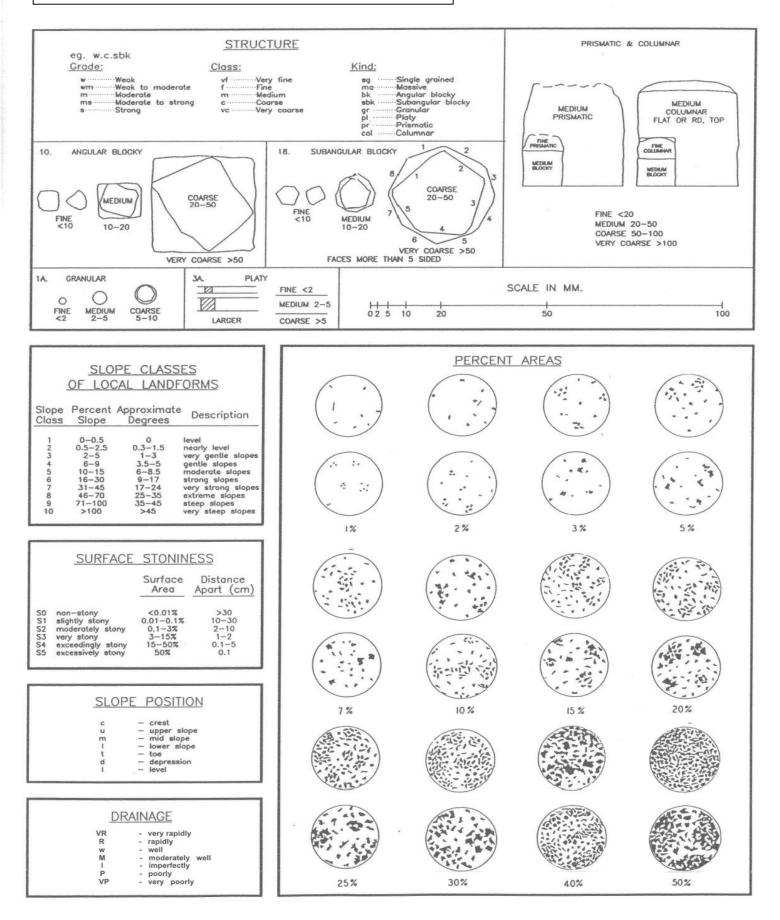


Table 10. Types, kinds and classes of soil structure.

Kind (Kind Code) Angular blocky (ABK) peds bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp angles	 Structure Class and Code VF: very fine angular blocky F: fine angular blocky M: medium angular blocky C: coarse angular blocky VC: very coarse angular blocky 	Size ¹ (mm) <5 5-10 10-20 20-50 >50				
Subangular blocky (SBK): peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices ² of their intersections mostly subrounded	 VF: very fine subangular blocky F: fine subangular blocky M: medium subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky VC: very coarse subangular blocky 	<5 5-10 10-20 20-50 >50				
Granular (GR): spheroidal peds bounded by curved or very irregular faces that do not adjoin those of adjacent peds	 VF: very fine granular F: fine granular M: medium granular C: coarse granular VC: very coarse granular 	<1 1-2 2-5 5-10 >10				
Platy (PL): peds flat or platelike; horizontal planes more or less well developed	 VF: very fine platy F: fine platy M: medium platy C: coarse platy VC: very coarse platy 	<1 1-2 2-5 5-10 >10				
Prismatic (PR): vertical faces of peds well defined and vertices ² angular (edges sharp); prism tops essentially flat	 VF: very fine prismatic F: fine prismatic M: medium prismatic C: coarse prismatic VC: very coarse prismatic 	<10 10-20 20-50 50-100 >100				
Columnar (COL): vertical edges near top of columns not sharp (vertices ² subrounded); column tops flat, rounded, or irregular	 VF: very fine columnar F: fine columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar VC: very coarse prismatic 	<10 10-20 20-50 50-100 >100				
Single grained (SGR): Massive (MA):	Loose, incoherent mass of individual primary particles, as in sands amorphous; a coherent mass showing no evidence of					
	 bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp angles Subangular blocky (SBK): peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices² of their intersections mostly subrounded Granular (GR): spheroidal peds bounded by curved or very irregular faces that do not adjoin those of adjacent peds Platy (PL): peds flat or platelike; horizontal planes more or less well developed Prismatic (PR): vertical faces of peds well defined and vertices² angular (edges sharp); prism tops essentially flat Columnar (COL): vertical edges near top of columns not sharp (vertices² subrounded); column tops flat, rounded, or irregular Single grained (SGR): 	bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp anglesF: fine angular blocky M: medium angular blocky C: coarse angular blocky VC: very coarse angular blocky VC: very coarse angular blocky VC: very coarse angular blocky Subangular blocky (SBK): peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices² of their intersections mostly subroundedF: fine subangular blocky C: very coarse subangular blocky M: medium subangular blocky C: very coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky C: very coarse subangular blocky C: very coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky VC: very coarse subangular blocky VC: very coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky VC: very coarse granular VC: very coarse platy VC: very coarse prismatic C: coarse prismatic C: coarse prismatic C: coarse prismatic C: coarse columnar M: medium prismatic C: coarse columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar M: medium columnar C: very coarse prismaticPlaty (PL): peds flat or platelike; horizontal planes more or less well developedVF: very fine platy M: medium prismatic C: coarse prismaticPrismatic (PR): vertices² subrounded); column tops flat, rounded, or irregularVF: very fine				

Cloddy (CDY): not a structure; used to indicate the condition of some ploughed surface, grade, class, and shape too varied to be described in standard terms.

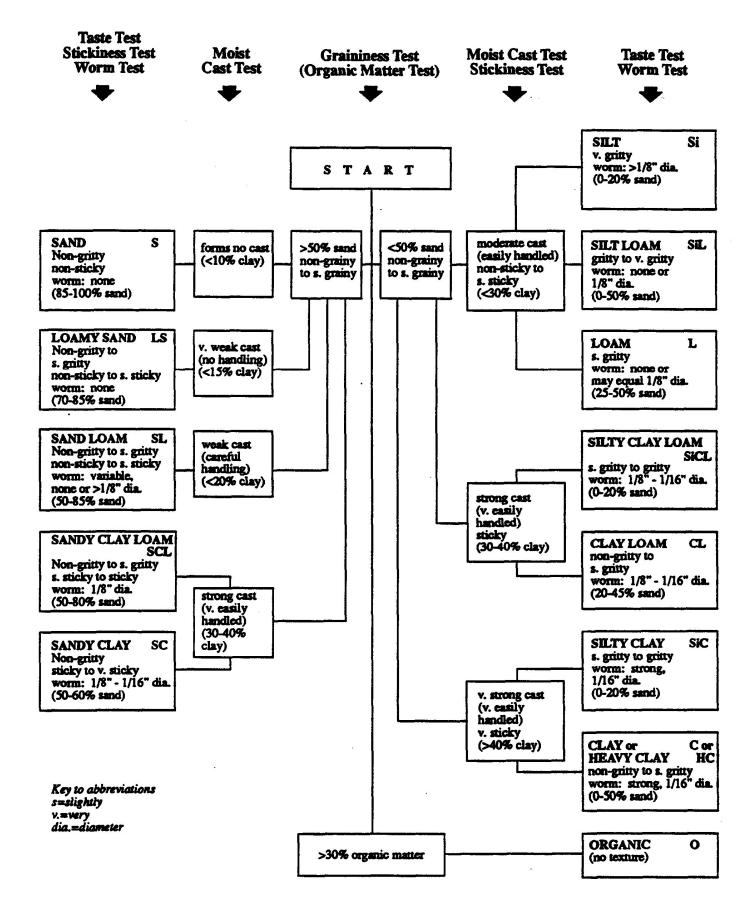
¹ The size limits refer to measurements in the smallest dimension of platy, prismatic, and columnar peds and to the largest of the nearly equal dimensions of blocky and granular peds.
 ² Definition of vertex (plural, vertices): the intersection of two planes of a geometrical figure.

Consistence – moist soil								
Loose:	No intact sample can be obtained.							
Friable:	Structure breaks down with slight force between the fingers.							
• Firm:	Structure breaks down with moderate force between the fingers.							
• Extremely firm:	Structure breaks down with moderate force between the hands or							
	slight foot pressure.							
Rigid:	Structure breaks down only with foot pressure.							

Code		Structure Grade Definition
0	Massive /or single grained used to describe sands	This describes a soil that has no developed structure. There is no aggregation of primary particles or no definite orderly arrangement around natural lines of weakness.
1	Weak	Peds are either indistinct and barely evident in place, or observable in place but incompletely separated from adjacent peds. When disturbed, the soil material separates into a mixture of only a few entire peds, many broken peds and much unaggregated material.
2	Moderate	Peds are moderately durable, and are evident but not distinct in the undisturbed soil. When disturbed, the soil material parts into a mixture of many well formed, entire peds, some broken peds, and little unaggregated material. The peds may be handled without breaking and they part from adjoining peds to reveal nearly entire surfaces which have properties distinct from those caused by fracturing.
3	Strong	Peds are durable and evident in the undisturbed soil, adhere weakly to one another, withstand displacement and separate cleanly when the soil is disturbed. When removed, the soil material separates mainly into entire peds Surfaces of unbroken peds have distinctive properties, compared to surfaces that result from fracturing.

Mottling Descriptions

Parameter	Code	Description						
Abundance	Few	<2% of the exposed surface						
	Common	2-20% of the exposed surface						
	Many	>20% of the exposed surface						
Size	Fine	< 5 mm						
	Medium	5-15 mm						
	Coarse	>15 mm						
Contrast	Faint	Evident only on close examination. Faint mottles commonly have the same hue as the colour to which they are compared and differ by no more than 1 unit of chroma or 2 units of value. Some faint mottles of similar but low chroma and value can differ by 2.5 units of hue.						
	Distinct	Readily seen, but contrast only moderately with the colour to which they are compared. Distinct mottles commonly have the same hue as the colour to which they are compared, but differ by 2 to 4 units of chroma or 3 to 4 units of value; or differ from the colour to which they are compared by 2.5 units of hue but by no ore than 1 unit of chroma or 2 units of value.						
	Prominent	Contrast strongly with the colour to which they are compared. Prominent mottles are commonly the most obvious colour feature in a soil. Prominent mottles that have medium chroma and value commonly differ from the colour to which they are compared by at least 5 units of hue if chroma and value are the same; or at least 1 units of chroma or 2 units of value if hue differs by 2.5 units.						



	SYSTEM DRAWING													
✓ (Complete drawing of proposed system, layout of laterals, position and location of tank etc. 													
Comment														